Available online on 15.09.2020 at <http://jddtonline.info>

# Journal of Drug Delivery and Therapeutics

Open Access to Pharmaceutical and Medical Research

© 2011-18, publisher and licensee JDDT, This is an Open Access article which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, provided the original work is properly cited



Open Access

Review Article

## A Review on Hair Growth Regulator

Manu Bharti<sup>1\*</sup>, Alankar Shrivastav<sup>2</sup>, M. Abid<sup>1</sup>, Najam Ali Khan<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup> Department of Pharmacology, School of Pharmaceutical Science, IFTM University, Moradabad, U.P., India<sup>2</sup> Department of Pharmacology, Pharmacy Academy, IFTM University, Moradabad, U.P., India

### ABSTRACT

This review presents an overview on plants identified to possess hair growth activity in various ethno-botanical studies and surveys of tradition medicinal plants. There are various causes for hair loss and the phenomenon is still not fully understood. The treatments offered include both natural or synthetic products to treat the condition of hair loss (alopecia), nonetheless natural products are continuously gaining popularity mainly due to their fewer side effects and better formulation strategies for natural product extracts. Plants have been widely used for hair growth promotion since ancient times as reported in Ayurveda, Chinese and Unani systems of medicine. This review covers information about different herbs and herbal formulation that are believed to be able to reduce the rate of hair loss and at the same time stimulate new hair growth. A focus is placed on their mechanism of action and the review also covers various isolated phytoconstituents possessing hair growth promoting effect.

**Keywords:** Alopecia, ayurveda, hair, herbal formulation.

**Article Info:** Received 09 July 2020; Review Completed 22 August 2020; Accepted 06 Sep 2020; Available online 15 Sep 2020



#### Cite this article as:

Bharti M, Shrivastav A, Abid M, Khan NA, A Review on Hair Growth Regulator, Journal of Drug Delivery and Therapeutics. 2020; 10(5):368-375 <http://dx.doi.org/10.22270/jddt.v10i5.4406>

#### \*Address for Correspondence:

Manu Bharti, Department of Pharmacology, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, IFTM University, Moradabad, U.P., India

### INTRODUCTION

Balding is a turmoil wherein the hair drops out from skin zones where they are typically present, for example, the scalp and the body. This misfortune meddles with the numerous valuable biologic elements of the hair, including sun security (for the most part to the scalp) and dispersal of sweat organ items. As hair spread to the scalp has mental significance in our general public, patients with balding endure hugely. The most well-known hair issue is named as alopecia which is regularly used to communicate the designed loss of scalp hair in hereditarily helpless people. In warm-blooded creatures, hair assumes an indispensable job in warm protection and for social and sexual correspondence, both outwardly and as a method for scattering fragrances discharged by skin organs. People are generally baldly contrasted with different warm-blooded creatures and human hair has no known hugeness for the endurance of species. Notwithstanding, it stays a significant restorative resource <sup>1</sup>. Even though male pattern baldness (alopecia) can't crippling or hazardous affliction, the very idea of turning out to be uncovered can prompt passionate pressure and awful experience for the individuals who experience the ill effects of untimely or over the top male pattern baldness. The objective of the current article is to

give a review of accessible treatment choices for male pattern baldness. The article gives a concise survey of the sort and various reasons for male pattern baldness, trailed by centre around the different kinds of medications accessible for alopecia. The article additionally audits different examinations wherein the viability of homegrown medications or secluded compound for hair development advancement is accounted for. The instrument of activity of homegrown medication in forestalling the male pattern baldness or hair development advancement is illustrated too.

#### 1.1. Hair and Hair Growth cycle

The hair coat, which keeps most well-evolved creatures warm, dry and shielded from destructive components, requires a steady stock of new hairs all through the lifetime of the creature. To deliver new hairs, existing follicles experience pattern of development (anagen), relapse (catagen) and rest (telogen). During each anagen stage, follicles produce a whole hair shaft from tip to root; during catagen and telogen, follicles rest and set up their immature microorganisms with the goal that they can get the sign to begin the following development stage and make the new hair shaft. The hair cycle speaks to a noteworthy model for

investigations of the guideline of foundational microorganism peacefulness and enactment, just as travel enhancing cell expansion, cell destiny decision, separation and apoptosis in a regenerative grown-up epithelial tissue. Here we condense the significant occasions of the hair cycle and contact on known controllers of the changes. Nitty-gritty audits of the hair cycle and its guideline can be found somewhere else <sup>3-5</sup>.

**Morphogenesis:** In the undeveloped organism the skin starts as a solitary layer of epidermal undifferentiated cells. Before long, as mesenchymal cells populate the skin to shape the fundamental collagenous dermis, morphogenesis of the hair follicle starts <sup>3</sup>. Particular dermal cells sort out in little bunches legitimately underneath the epidermal layer, invigorating the overlying epithelial undifferentiated organism to become descending and produce a hair follicle. The follicle is bordering with the epithelium; both are isolated from the dermis by a storm cellar film wealthy in extracellular network and development factors integrated and saved to a great extent however not exclusively by epithelial cells. As the follicle develops down, it expects the state of a bar a few cells measurements wide. The inward layer starts to separate into concentric chambers to frame the focal hair shaft (HS) and the encompassing channel, the internal root sheath (IRS). An inductive mesenchymal bunch called the dermal papilla (DP) turns into a changeless piece of the folic base <sup>5</sup>. It goes with the epithelial down growth and becomes wrapped by the hair bulb. The follicle turns out to be completely adults as its bulb approaches the base of the dermis. Now (in mouse back skin around postnatal day 6 or P6) the proliferative cells (lattice) at the follicle base keep on isolating, delivering descendants cells the terminally separate to shape the developing hair that leaves the skin surface.

**Anagen:** Histologically, anagen follicles are long and extremely straight, however, the follicles are calculated to allow the hair coat to lie level along the body surface. The multiplying framework cells have a cell cycle length of roughly 18 hours (Lavkar et al., 2003). Little girl cells move upwards, receiving one of six ancestries of the IRS and HS; from furthest to deepest the layers incorporate Henley, Huxley and fingernail skin layer of the IRS, and the fingernail skin, cortex and medulla layers of the HS. As HS cells terminally separate, they expel their organelles and become firmly pressed with packs of 10-nm fibres amassed from cysteine-rich keratins, which become truly cross-connected to invigorate the hair shaft high pliable and adaptability. The IRS additionally keratinizes with the goal that it can inflexibly support and guide the hair shaft during its separation procedure however its dead cells degenerate as they arrive at the upper follicle, in this manner discharging the HS that proceeds through the skin surface. The term of anagen decides the length of the hair and needy upon proceeded with expansion and separation of network cells at the follicle base.

**Catagen:** catagen is the dynamic change among anagen and telogen <sup>4, 5</sup>. During catagen, the lower 'cycling' bit of every hair follicle relapses completely in a procedure that remembers apoptosis of epithelial cells for the bulb and external root sheath (ORS), the peripheral epithelial layer <sup>4</sup>. HS separation stops, and the base of the HS closes into an adjusted structure called a club, which moves upward until it arrives at the perpetual, non-cycling upper follicle, where it remains moored during telogen. As the lower follicle subsides, an impermanent structure structure-the epithelial stand – which is special to catagen. This interfaces the DP to the upper piece of the hair follicle contains numerous apoptotic cells and is disposed of when the DP arrives at the cells that encompass the leftover club hair.

**Telogen:** Following catagen, follicles lie lethargic in a resting stage (telogen). In mice, the first telogen is short, enduring just 1 or 2 days, from around P19 to P21 in the mid-back. The second telogen, be that as it may, keeps going over about fourteen days, starting around P42.

### 1.2. Disorder of Hair

The principle issues related with hairs are pigmentation (blurring), dandruff and falling of hairs (shedding) and going bald <sup>7</sup>. There are different disarranges of hair, which causes the male pattern baldness. The term androgenetic alopecia is regularly used to portray the designed loss of scalp hair in hereditarily defenceless people. This condition is otherwise called male example male pattern baldness or normal hairlessness in men and as female example male pattern baldness in ladies. Alopecia in these cases is portrayed by diminishing of hair rather than follicular misfortune, in any event in beginning periods <sup>8</sup>. In androgenetic alopecia, shortening of the anagen stage and constant scaling down of delicate hair follicle happens that outcome into the change of dainty terminal hairs into fine vellus hairs. The 5 alpha-reductase type-2 catalyst assumes a focal job by an intra-follicular transformation of testosterone to dihydrotestosterone <sup>9</sup>. Some level of follicular scaling down and noteworthy male pattern baldness is all-inclusive and is viewed as a physiological auxiliary sexual trademark. Androgenetic alopecia possibly turns into a clinical issue when the male pattern baldness is extreme, untimely and upsetting to the patient. Various clinical lately, and careful medicines are continually being refined.

### 1.3. Causes of Hair Problem

It is a disputable issue as there is no broad understanding of what are the fundamental factors that cause loss of hair. It is a general issue having influenced both genders of all races to the various degree for whatever length of time that mankind has existed <sup>10</sup>. Different components adding to balding incorporates hereditary inclination, hormonal elements, and illness states, for example, typhoid, jungle fever, jaundice and utilization of chemotherapeutic specialists. It is a dermatologic issue, and the flood for finding characteristics items with hair development advancing potent is ceaseless Fig1 <sup>11</sup>.

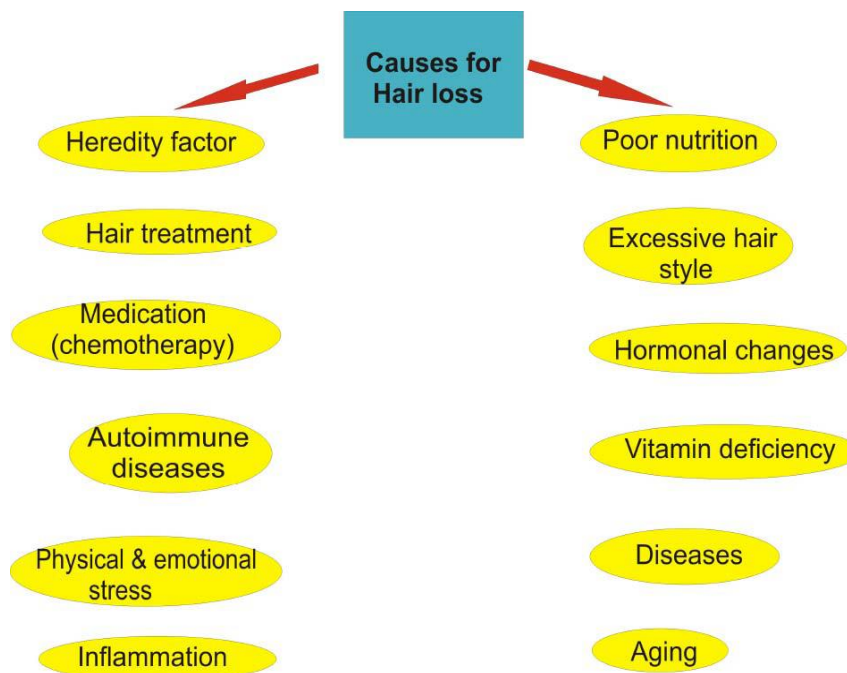


Figure 1: Common Causes of Hair Problem

#### 1.4. Management of Hair Problem

Loss Medications, which guarantee to treat male pattern baldness, focus on a consistently developing, multi-billion-dollar showcase around the world. Incredible open doors are related to pharmaceutical male pattern baldness the board, yet at the same time, there is no extreme improvement in the accessibility of explicit treatments. The status of treatment of alopecia is the consequence of ongoing advances in our comprehension of its aetiology and movement. Angiogenesis (through endogenous substances), androgen hostility, vasodilation through potassium channel opening 5-alpha reductase restraint and tweak of hair cycle are the major non-careful helpful procedures for hair development advancement. Minoxidil (helpful in both male and female example hair sparseness) and Finasteride (valuable in male example hairlessness) are two US FDAaffirmed manufactured medication discovering associative use for the treatment of androgenic alopecia, however, their symptoms have diminished their use<sup>12</sup>. The symptoms related with the utilization of these engineered mixes incorporate erythema, scaling, pruritus, gynecomastia, dermatitis, tingling or skin rash. Subsequently, to adapt to the issue of male pattern baldness, here we have investigated nature's fortune and discovered various herbs demonstrated records for the treatment of alopecia. Being common there are numerous preferences of utilizing then like patient consistency, fewer reactions and more than one method of activity for the treatment of alopecia. Topical utilization of natural reaction modifiers and enemies of androgens is right now accessible treatments for the administration of alopecia. Be that as it may, the low achievement rate and related unfriendly impacts limit their utilization<sup>13</sup>.

Regular items are viewed as extravagant in beautifying agents and various plant removes have been inspected regarding hair development movement. There is a consistently developing interest in plant-based meds and beauty care products in the ongoing days. In customary Indian arrangement of medication, numerous plants and homegrown definition are accounted for hair development advancement just as for the improvement of nature of hairs,

however, the absence of sound logical sponsorship and data restricts their utilization<sup>11</sup>.

#### 1.5 Ayurvedic Claim of Hair Growth Activity

Ayurveda is the customary restorative arrangement of India and accepted to have started more than 6000 quite a while back. It approaches to stay sound just as techniques to treat the malady. The name itself signifies "Information (Veda)". In Ayurveda, hair is considered as a side-effect of bone development. The tissue liable for building bones is likewise liable for the development of hair. In days of yore home, grown items were utilized for restorative purposes, both inside just as remotely. Natural medications were utilized as juice, latex or in dried powder form.<sup>1</sup> Now daily's very own consideration items containing fixing from the plant birthplace are getting an expanding pattern in the drug store world. A corrective item containing plant material as the dynamic fixing is going under the classification of cosmeceuticals.<sup>2-3</sup> The appearance of hair has significant effects on absolute body highlight. Shading, length and presence of hair have huge effects from individual to individual. Beautifying agents that are utilized for hair care reason applied orally and ought not to be utilized for the remedial purpose.<sup>4-5</sup> Essential component of hair care beauty care product is as-

1. Should be anything but difficult to utilize
2. Should have a neighbourhood impact.
3. Should be destructive to hair skin and mucous layer.
4. Should not be adversely affected by the body.
5. Should be applied topically.

Hair care cosmeceuticals definition, for the most part, incorporates cleanser, gel, moisturizer arrangement and oil.

## 2. HAIR GROWTH PROMOTING HERBAL DRUGS

There are various plants, extracts used in a different part of the word for the care of the hair and have hair growth-promoting activity, and numbers of herbal products acclaimed with hair growth-promoting activity. All over the world, many polyherbal mixtures are employed as hair tonic, hair growth promoter, hair conditioner, hair cleansing agent,



anti-dandruff agents, as well as for the treatment of alopecia and lice infection. This section of review reports the scientific evidence of hair growth-promoting activities of plants their used, type of extracts and also in-vitro, in-vivo and clinical trial data available from different. Various phytoconstituents isolated from plants and having hair growth-promoting potential are reported in followed by their chemical structure.

Some of the most widely researched plants for hair growth-promoting activity are defined hereafter:

### 2.1 *Emblica officinalis* Linn.

*E. officinalis* Linn. (*Syn. Phyllanthus Emblica* Linn.), the Indian gooseberry, or amla; is a deciduous tree. Emblica is utilized to advance the development of hair in conventional medication. Emblica is accounted for to improve the iron digestion; Iron is engaged with the oxygenation of our body's red platelets. It is basic for typical hair development and the upkeep of solid hair. Iron inadequacy prompts balding because of oxygen lack. Emblica separates animate expansion of dermal papilla cell in a fixation subordinate way, recommending their job in hair development advancement<sup>19</sup>. Its polyherbal balm and homegrown hair oil have hair development advancing movement<sup>20, 21</sup>. Natural plan containing *Tridax procumbens* (Linn.), *Hibiscus rosa Sinensis* (Linn.), *Trigonella foenum graecum* (Linn.), and *E. officinalis* (Linn.) indicated synergistic impacts by huge increments in hair development action<sup>22</sup>.

### 2.2 *Bacopa monnieri* Linn

*B. monnieri* Linn. A little sneaking herb and harsh in taste; it has been utilized in the customary arrangement of medication for a considerable length of time. Mixes liable for the pharmacological impacts incorporate alkaloids, saponins, and sterols. Brahmi contains alkaloids that upgrade the protein kinase movement that might be liable for hair development action<sup>23</sup>. Home demonstrated noticeable hair development grown oil detailing of Bacopa advancing action<sup>21</sup>.

### 2.3 *Jatamansi (Nardostachys jatamansi)*

*Jatamansi (Nardostachys jatamansi, family -Valerianaceae)* is developed broadly in India, particularly north India. These are found in the snow-capped Himalayas at an elevation of 3000-5000. Rhizomes of jatamansi contain 1 to 2 % of light yellow unstable oil, jatamansic corrosive, and ketones (jatamansone and nardostachone), tar, sugar and so forth oil got from rhizomes of this plant utilized in hair tonic arrangements, to advance the development of hair and bestow obscurity. Jatamansi is a helpful hair tonic and is regularly utilized in hair oils, advancing hair development and radiance. It advances hair development and bestows dark shading to the hair.<sup>7</sup>

### 2.4 *Fenugreek (Trigonella foenum graecum)*

Fenugreek (*Trigonella foenum graecum, Family-Leguminosae*) plant is speedy developing yearly leguminous herb around 2 feet in stature. In India Fenugreek (*Trigonella foenum graecum, family-Leguminosae*) is frequently developed as a spread yield in citrus-organic product forests to exploit their leguminous nature. The significant makers of Indian fenugreek are Rajasthan, Gujarat, Uttar Pradesh and Tamilnadu For the most part seed is utilized to get ready hair care definitions. The seed contains alkaloids (Neuron, Trigonelline, Choline, Gentianine), an amino acid (Isoleucine, 4-Hydroxyisoleucine, Histidine, Leucine, lysine). Saponins (Graecunins, fenugrin B, fenugreekine, trigofenosides A-G), lipids, nutrients and filaments.

Generally, crisp fenugreek leaves glue applied over the scalp normally before shower enables hair to develop, jelly common shading, keeps hair satiny and fixes dandruff<sup>6, 10, 11</sup>.

### 2.5 *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* Linn

The herb *Hibiscus rosa sinensis* Linn is a glabrous bush generally developed in the tropics as a fancy plant and has a few structures with shifting shade of blossoms. The leaves and blossoms advance hair development and helping recuperating of ulcers. It contains taraxeryl acetic acid derivation, beta-sitosterol, campesterol, stigmasterol, ergosterol, flavonoids, glycosides, lipids, citrus and oxalic acids. Leaf concentrate of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* builds hair length and the anagen/ telogen proportion of hair follicles in mice<sup>26</sup>. A definition containing *Eclipta alba* Hassk, *Hibiscus rosa sinensis* Linn, *Nardostachys jatamansi* have brilliant hair development advancing movement, they principally act by a broadening of follicular size and a prolongation of the anagen stage<sup>27</sup>.

### 2.6 *Polyporus umbellatus*

*Polyporus umbellatus* is a saprophytic mushroom that develops on shrivelled beech and maple trees roots. The significant dynamic segments are polysaccharides and steroidal mixes. Ethanolic extricate were accounted for to advance hair development in mice, and 3, 4-dihydroxybenzaldehyde was secluded as a functioning segment<sup>28</sup>. A later report confined 3 hair regrowth substances, acetosyringone and polyporusterone An and B<sup>29</sup>. Invitro assessment of *P. umbellatus* remove utilizing organ culture of human scalp hair follicles indicated that low dosages of concentrates (1.28 and 6.4 mg/ml) especially improved the hair development and stretched the time of hair development, while high portions of blend extract (4 and 20 mg/ml) forcefully hindered hair development and abbreviated the time of hair development<sup>30</sup>.

### 2.7 *Rosmarinus officinalis* Linn

Rosemary is a typical thick, evergreen, fragrant bush developed in numerous pieces of the world. Truly, it utilized as a restorative operator to treat renal colic and dysmenorrhoea (excruciating period). It is likewise used to ease side effects brought about by respiratory disarranges and to animate the development of hair. It comprises 1-2% unstable oil containing 0.8-6% of esters and 8-20 % of alcohols. The essential constituents are 1,8-cineole, borneol, camphor, bornyl acetic acid derivation and monoterpenes hydro-carbons. The basic oil enters your framework through the olfactory framework (inward breath) as well as through skin and arrives at circulatory framework (the blood) where they tie to receptors and change the concoction synthesis. Topical natural treatment for alopecia areata. Medicines with these basic oils get from Thyme, *Rosmarinus*, Lavender and Cedarwood were fundamentally more successful than treatment with the transporter oil alone<sup>31</sup>.

### 2.8 *Arnica Montana*

(*Arnica Montana, Family-Apiaceae*) is acquired from dried roots and blossoms of *Arnica Montana*. *Arnica* is a lasting herb developed predominantly in the northern locale of Indin. *Arnica* contains Arnicin, unstable oil, Tannin and Thulin. *Arnica* is utilized for hair tonics and against dandruff preparations.<sup>14</sup>

### 2.9 *Dicot genus Nipononivea kogenmushi*

*Boehmeria nipononivea* could be a lasting herb. The plant is used as a medicine to alleviate fevers and diseases of the channel. It contains 10%-30% unsaturated fat, 10%

chlorogenic corrosive, linoleic corrosive, protocatechuic corrosive, caffeic corrosive, caffeic corrosive and alpha-linolenic corrosive concentrate of *B. nipononivea* incontestable each sturdy five alpha-enzyme repressive action guided fractionation prompted six dynamic unsaturated fats: alpha-linolenic, palmitic, elaidic, olaidic and lipid acids<sup>34</sup>. a specific concentrate from leaves of this plant has an especially compelling five alpha-reductase inclination and also the simplest portion was contrasted and finasteride. Right now, nipononivea show a motivating repressive impact on five alpha-reductase receptors that was under the impact displayed by finasteride<sup>35</sup>.

### 2.10. *Buxus wallichiana* Baill.

*Buxus wallichiana* Baill. Is mostly called mountain chain boxwood. Boxwood is AN evergreen synoecious tree developing to the stature of six meters with variable structures. The bark of *Buxus wallichiana* is used as a hair development energizer<sup>36, 37</sup>. Rule dynamic constituent is alkaloids viz. buxamine F. simply methanolic disencumber that has potential free chemical element radical forager action was used to look at the hair development energizer property. The phytochemical examines incontestable the closeness of flavonoids at ance. The aftereffects of hair development in the placental model, decidedly projected that it's potential segments to animate the hair development. The oral treatment, anyway incontestable additional powerful than the topical application<sup>38</sup>.

### 2.11. *Ginkgo biloba* tree Linn.

*Ginkgo biloba* is An exceptionally standard natural cure with numerous medical benefits. Among them is its job in up the course of blood to the mind and skin and henceforward dilated chemical element offer. The primary constituent is ginkgolides A, B, C, J, M, bioflavin, sitosterol, lactones and anthocyanin. Hormones and gymnospermous tree separates were synergistic in advancing human hair development<sup>39</sup>. Maidenhair tree removes (5-40%) and Liquiritia officinarum extricates (3-35%) glycyrrhizinate professed to be valuable for the treatment of hair<sup>40</sup>. Stearyl glycyrrhizinate and gymnospermous tree remove acted synergistically on hair development<sup>39</sup>. maidenhair tree leaf takes away advance hair regrowth through consolidated impacts on growth and caspase-mediated cell death of the cells within the follicle, thence proposing as hairdressing<sup>5</sup>.

### 2.12 *Citrullus colocynthis* (L.) Schrad

*Citrullus colocynthis* could be a herb that has been prescribed in standard writing as a hair development advertizer<sup>41</sup>. The dried mash of the urine nevertheless full developed organic product liberated from the skin contains the medication, colocynth of business, and is used for treating loss of hair. The oil from the seeds of the plant has been accounted for and is used by ethnic class for dominant untimely falling and turning grey of haire<sup>37</sup>. It contains primarily glycosides, that upon protein reaction yield elaterin (cucurbitacin E), elaterin B (cucurbitacin I) and dihydroelaterin B (cucurbitacin L)<sup>42</sup>. *Citrullus colocynthis* advance the event of hairs with least hair development origin and fruition time and most extreme variety of hair follicles in anagenic stage<sup>43</sup>. Home adult definitions containing oil ether concentrates of the 3 herbs (*Cuscuta reflexa*, *Citrullus colocynthis*, *Eclipta alba*) in unsteady proportion was assessed for the hair development advancing movement<sup>17</sup>. In another examination Oil ether concentrate of the product of *Citrullus colocynthis* was assessed for hair development advancing action in pale injured person mice utilizing androgen instigated phalacrosis model. It was instructed that

disencumber presumptively act by rivaling androgen for testosterone receptor<sup>44</sup>

### 2.13 *Brahmi* (*Centella asiatica*)

*Brahmi* (*Centella asiatica*, Family- Umbelliferae) is herbaceous crawling herbs developing at the bank of a waterway. In India, *Brahmi* is found in wet soggy and damp spots of north India. *Brahmi* contains basic oils, sterols, flavonol, glycoside and triterpenoid saponins. *Brahmi* oil and delicate concentrate are two business planning of *Brahmi* utilized in hair care details. It is likewise sorted as Rasayana in Ayurveda and thus has the properties of deferring maturing signs in the body like turning grey of hairs. *Brahmi* additionally helps in easing mental weariness and thus helps in keeping up a legitimate real condition that prompts sound hairs.<sup>6</sup>

### 2.14 *Bhringraj* (*Eclipta alba* Linn.)

*Bhringraj* (*Eclipta alba* Linn, Family-Asteraceae) is a yearly or lasting plant found in sodden places all through India, climbing up to 600 ft. *Bhringraj*, for the most part, contains coumestans (wedelolactone and dimethyl wedwloolactone), alkaloids (ecliptine), glycosides ( $\beta$ -amyrin), triterpenic corrosive and steroids (ecalbasaponins). *Brahmi* oil is generally excellent hair tonic and utilized as a constituent in hairs plan for sound, dark and long hair.<sup>5-7</sup>

### 2.15 Coconut (*Cocos nucifera* Linn.)

Coconut (*Cocos nucifera* Linn, Family-Palmae) tree is tall ascending to a tallness of 30 meters, close to the ocean side. Oil of coconut natural product is utilized in various hair details, for example, shampoos and hair oil. Coconut oil has great saponification esteem so utilized in shampoos for hair care.<sup>7</sup>

### 2.16. *Ginseng radix*

*Ginseng radix* is the steamed and dried foundation of *Panax ginseng* C.A.Mayes. It is a significant rough medication, which is utilized from antiquated time to improve sacred propensities to poor body condition, to advance craving to build essentialness and to diminish over affectability to cold. It chiefly contains ginsenosides, basic oil, sesquiterpenes, polyacetylenes, polysaccharides, peptidoglycans, steroid, choline, nutrient B, C, E, unsaturated fat, starches, and amino acids. It was accounted for that the 70% methanolic extricate from red ginseng has better movement than that of white ginseng in a hair development advancing examine utilizing mouse vibrissal follicles in organ culture. The movement is credited to the inhibitor<sup>50, 51</sup>. Ginsenosides Ro upgrade in vivo hair re-development dependent on their inhibitory movement against 5-alpha reductase in the androgenetic alopecia model<sup>52</sup>.

### 2.17 *Sage oil* (*Salvia officinalis* Linn)

*Sage oil* (*Salvia officinalis* Linn, Family-Labiatae) is acquired from dried leaves of *Salvia officinalis* Linn by steam refining method. The *Sage* is a shrubby lasting plant developed in India. The *Wise oil* contains  $\alpha$ -pinene, cineole, linalyl acetic acid derivation, thujone (44 to 45%), borneol, bornyl acetic derivation, farnesol, and camphor. This oil is utilized as hostile to dandruff agent.<sup>5-13</sup>

### 2.18 *Basil Oil* (*Ocimum Sanctum*)

The *Basil oil* (*Ocimum Sanctum*, Family-Labiatae) is acquired from leaves and blooming highest points of *Ocimum Sanctum* by steam refining strategy. *Basil Sanctum* is developed in India broadly. The *basil oil* contains 1, 8 cineol, linalool, citral, methyl chavicol (estragole), eugenol and

methyl cinnamate. Basil oil invigorates and advances hair <sup>7-13</sup>.

### 2.19 Jojoba oil (*Simmondsia chinensis*)

Jojoba oil (*Simmondsia chinensis*, Family-Simmondiaceae) is acquired from seeds of *Simmondsia chinensis* cool squeezed strategy. The Jojoba plant is principally developed in Rajasthan, Gujarat, Maharashtra, and Tamilnadu in India. The Jojoba oil contains Eicosenoic corrosive, Docosenoic corrosive and oleic corrosive. Jojoba oil is utilized as a renewing operator for hair. <sup>13</sup>

### 2.20. *Lygodii spora*

*Lygodium (climbing greenery)* is a sort of around 40 types of greeneries, local to tropical districts over the world. It is the sole class in the family Lygodiaceae, however, remembered for the family Schizaeaceae by certain botanists. Hydroalcoholic separate was read for testosterone 5 $\alpha$ -reductase inhibitory action and hostile to androgenic action utilizing development of the flank organ in mutilate Syrian hamsters and hair regrowth after shaving in testosterone-treated C57Black/6CrSlc mice individually. From the lipophilic constituents of *Lygodii spora*, oleic, linolenic and palmitic acids distinguished as the fundamental dynamic standards repressing testosterone 5  $\alpha$ -reductase action <sup>54</sup>.

### 2.21. *Tridax procumbens* Linn.

*Tridax procumbens* commonly regarded as Ghamra in Hindi and prominently known as coat catches in English due to the blossoms has been extensively utilized in Ayurvedic association of remedy for one of kind diseases. It in particular consists of flavonoids, procumbenetin. Fumaric corrosive, beta-sitosterol, alkaloids, tannin, luteolin, glucotheolin, quercetin, isoquercetin. Its leaves are utilized in the remedy of bronchial catarrh, looseness of the bowels and the runs and for forestalling male sample baldness. Hair improvements advancing action of *Tridax procumbens* has been accounted for <sup>57</sup>.

### 2.22. *Cuscuta reflexa* Roxb.

*Cuscuta reflexa* Roxb. Is an amazing yellow leafless, perpetual, parasitic herb. *Cuscuta*, a holoparasitic vine assaults the flying portions of several bushes, trees, and is utilized in the Indian arrangement of medication. Primary substance materials are cuscutin, amarbelin, sitosterol, stigmasterol, kaempferol, dulcitol, myricetin, quercetin, and coumarin. Petroleum ether pay attention of *Cuscuta reflexa* and its segregate has been indicated treasured in the remedy of androgen-incited alopecia using the hassle of catalyst 5  $\alpha$ -reductase <sup>58</sup>. Homegrown plans containing oil ether eliminates *Cuscuta reflexa*, *Citrullus colocynthis*, *Eclipta alba* in differing share exhibit hair improvement advancing motion <sup>11</sup>.

### 2.23. *Allium cepa* L.

*Allium cepa*, recognized as onion for the most phase includes protein (egg whites), allyl propyl disulphide, diallyl sulfide, alliin, allicin. It likewise carries some mineral like potassium, zinc, calcium, magnesium. Onion has been accounted for fine in sketchy hair loss. The influenced section ought to be scoured with onion squeeze in morning and night time till it is red. It ought to be scoured with nectar a brief time later. Zinc assists with emitting the scalp with a lot of required oil and remain away from dandruff that can also motive male sample baldness. Iron is engaged with the oxygenation of the body's purple platelets. Which are essential for standard hair development and retaining up sound hair <sup>59</sup>.

### 2.24. *Polygonium multiflorum* Thumb.

*Polygonium multiflorum* root tubers are utilized in traditional Chinese medicine as a tonic and an enemy of maturing cure, mainly for sample baldness and premature turning grey of hair. It is likewise regarded by using the Chinese identify He Shou Wu (Heshouwu) or Fo-Ti Throughout the bits of help of years, it has won notoriety for its ability to create lifestyles span, increment strength and strengthen fruitfulness. Standard pay attention of this plant has treasured influence on hair pleasant and accommodating for enhancing hair improvement and first-rate in pre-and postmenopausal girls <sup>60</sup>. Truth be told, trial examines proven that the phenolic materials contained in *polygonium* extricate provide off an effect of being extraordinarily effective inhibitors of 5  $\alpha$ -reductase compound, which is reliable to alternate over testosterone to CHT, the supposed purpose for balding in guys <sup>61</sup>. *Polygonium multiflorum* extricate advance hair improvement by way of initiating anagen stage in resting hair follicles <sup>62</sup>.

### 2.25. *Capsicum annum* Linn.

*Capsicum* is a harvest that is typically developed as a result of its fiery nature and wholesome benefit. The harvest represents a lot of vitamins A and C in several Nigerian consuming regimens. It for the most phase incorporates capsaicin and isoflavone. Trial perceptions emphatically encouraged that joined business enterprise of capsaicin and isoflavone may also construct IGF-Introduction in hair follicles in the skin, in this manner advancing hair development. Such influences of capsaicin and isoflavone may additionally be interceded by way of tactile neuron actuation in the skin. Insulin-like improvement factor-I (IGF-I) assumes a massive job in hair development. Capsaicin actuates vanilloid receptor-1, in this manner increasing the arrival of calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) from tangible neurons, and CGRP has been regarded to construct IGF-I introduction <sup>63</sup>. Intradermal infusion of capsaicin (a section of *Capsicum annum* L.) Triggered anagen acceptance in mice <sup>64</sup>.

### 2.26. *Thujae occidentalis* Semen

*Thujae occidentalis* L. (*Arbor vitae*) is a nearby European tree greatly utilized in homoeopathy and proof-based totally phytotherapy. The new plant consists of 0.6% essential oil, 2.07% reducing sugar, 4.9% water-dissolvable polysaccharides, 2.11% water-soluble minerals, 1.67% free corrosive and 1.31% tannic specialists. The indispensable oil of the leaves carries 65% thujone, 8%isothujone, 8%fenchone, 5% Sabines and 2% alpha-pinene as the precept monoterpenes <sup>65</sup>. The inhibitory motion of pay attention for 5-reductase kind two and its natural undertaking in two creature fashions Fluffy rodents and AGA mouse endorsed that listen would be utilized as a compelling operator for male instance hairlessness by using altering androgen transformation <sup>66</sup>.

### 2.27. Procyanidin

Procyanidin B-2 (epicatechin-(4b-8)-epicatechin) obtained from apples <sup>67</sup>. It encouraged that protein kinase C (PKC) isozymes, in particular PKC $\beta$ I and - $\beta$ II, expect a good-sized job in hair cycle motion and that the hair-developing structures of procyanidin B-2 are in any tournament ordinarily recognized with its tenet of PKC isozymes or its restraint of translocation of PKC isozymes to the particulate division of hair epithelial cells <sup>68</sup>. It is accounted for that procyanidin therapy workable hair growth motion in male instance sparseness. Male instance hair sparseness was once dealt with the aid of outer utilization of 0.7% apple



procyanidin oligomers<sup>69</sup>. Procyanidin B-2 and Procyanidin C-1, which particularly repress protein kinase C, critically boost hairy epithelial phone multiplication *in vitro* and invigorate anagen acceptance *in vivo*. Another Procyanidin has a low motion on each protein kinase C and A<sup>70</sup>. Procyanidin B-3 from Grain can legitimately restraining effect introduction about though TGF alpha-1n *in vitro*, and can perchance animate anagen acceptance *in vivo*<sup>70</sup>.

## 2.28. *Camellia sinensis* (L.) Kuntze

Green tea is made completely with the leaves of *Camellia sinensis*. Green tea is a properly-regarded drink round the world, and its achievable gainful impacts, for example, its enemy of malignant increase and opposed to oxidant homes are believed to be interceded by using epigallocatechin-3-gallate (EGCG), a big polyphenol in inexperienced tea<sup>72,73</sup>. It is accounted for that the tea polyphenolic mixes have had an impact on male sample baldness amongst rodents and inferred that mitigating and stress inhibitory effects of these ordinary supplies may additionally affect hair regrowth amongst mice<sup>74</sup>. Epigallocatechin-3-gallate animates human hair improvement by way of the skill of its proliferative and antiapoptotic effects on dermal papilla cells<sup>75</sup>.

## CONCLUSION

In the current article, an endeavour has been made to natural alternative for the treatment of male pattern baldness. Male pattern baldness is a typical and consistently expanding issue in beauty care products just as essential social insurance practice. Male pattern baldness happens because of different explanation referenced right now. Many will take a stab at everything without exception to bring back their looks. Male pattern baldness sufferers bum though billion of dollar every year on cures running from drugs, nutrients to unique tonics and shampoos. Minoxidil and Finasteride are the main two medication affirmed by the FDA for hair development for n men. Minoxidil is the main medication accessible for ladies with androgenetic alopecia. Other than having hair development advancement impact, treatment with the manufactured medication has gotten flawed because of their intermittent absence of viability, security and latent capacity symptom. This has prompted increment enthusiasm for elective cures, for example, homegrown medication. Natural medications give another upheaval to hair development. Right now, condensed a portion of the herbs that are accepted to diminish the pace of male pattern baldness and simultaneously invigorate new hair development, and went along the disengaged phytoconstituents for example Piperine, 3,4-dihydroxy benzaldehyde, polyporusterone, Acetosyringe, Capsaicin, Epigallocatechin-3-gallate, Procyanidin B-2, B-3, proanthocyanidins, Soyasaponin, Kaikasaponin, Norgalanthamine, Senegin, Jatmansi corrosive, Ginsenosides Ro, Hinokitiol from different plants remove that are additionally accepted to diminish the pace of male pattern baldness. This article additionally spread the component like inhibition of 5 reductase type II protein, DHT receptor blockage, diminished degree of DHT, supply supplements, expanded blood supply, follicular expansion and prolongation of anagen stage, and fragrant healing by which a few plants extricate and phytoconstituents hinder the male pattern baldness or advance hair development. Finally, it is inferred that a lion's share of hair development advancement examines was performed with planta and their concentrates in the creature's models. In any case, there has been a hole between these exploration and clinical preliminaries. Progressively logical confirmations and documentation are attractive for the advancement of natural treatment to male pattern baldness which must be proved

by dependable clinical preliminaries with institutionalized material and definition. The audit may encourage the case reason for normal solutions for the troubling and upsetting issue of balding to world network.

## CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors confirm that this article has no conflict of interest.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Authors are thankful to IFTM University and also thankful to Directors of School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, IFTM University, Moradabad for motivation and facilities provided to conduct this work.

## REFERENCES

- [1] Andrew GM. The Control of Hair Growth: An Overview. *J Inves Dermatol* 1993; 10:523-27.
- [2] Kumar N, Singh S, Manvi. Hair Growth Activity of *Trichosanthes dioica* R. Leaves. *J Pharmacog Phytochem* 2011; 3:30.
- [3] Chase HB. Growth of the hair. *Physiol Rev* 1954; 34:113-26.
- [4] Venning VA, Dawber RPR. Patterned androgenetic alopecia in women. *J Amer Acad Dermatol* 1998; 18:1073-77.
- [5] Kobayashi N, Suzuki R, Koide C, Suzuki T, Matsuda H, Kubo M. Effect of leaves of *Ginkgo biloba* on hair regrowth in C3H strain mice. *Yakugaku Zasshi* 1993; 113:718-24.
- [6] Dry FW. The coat of the mouse. *J Gene* 1926; 16:287-340.
- [7] Butler H, Poucher WA. *Perfumes Cosmetics and Soaps*, Chapman and Hall, London 1993: 130.
- [8] Yadav SK, Gupta SK, Prabha S. Hair growth activity of *Nardostachys jatamansi* and *Cyperus rotundus* rhizomes extract on chemotherapy induced alopecia. *Int J Drug Dis Herbal Res* 2011; 1:52-4.
- [9] Perez-Ornelas V, Cabeza M, Bratoeff E, et al. New 5alpha-reductase inhibitors: *in vitro* and *in vivo* effects. *Steroids* 2005; 70: 217-24.
- [10] Patna P, Varghese D, Balekar N, et al. Formulation and evaluation of herbal hair oil for alopecia management. *Planta indica* 2006; 2:27-30.
- [11] Roy RK, Thakur M, Dixit VK. Development and evaluation of Polyherbal formulation for hair growth promoting activity. *J Cosm Dermatol* 2007; 6:108-12.
- [12] Libecco JF, Bergfeld WF. Finasteride in the treatment of alopecia. *Exp Opin Pharmacother* 2004; 5 993-40.
- [13] Price VH, Menefee E, Strauss PC. Changes in hair weight and hair count in men with androgenetic alopecia, after application of 5% and 2% topical minoxidil, placebo or no treatment. *J Amer Acad Dermatol* 1999; 41:717-21.
- [14] Dhanukar SA, Thahe UM. *Therapeutic Approaches, Ayurveda revisited*, Popular Prakashan 1989: 74-130.
- [15] Gupta A. "Astangahrdayam" Chukamba Publications, Varanasi 2003: 534-35.
- [16] Sastri S. "Madhavanidanam" Chukamba Publications, Varanasi 2003: 202-5.
- [17] Sharmarna PS, Charak samhita, Part 2 1995:1584- 1587.
- [18] Shandrdhar Samhita Granthasay, 488-490.
- [19] Luanpitpong S, Nimmannit U, Pongrakhananon V, et al. *Emblica (Phyllanthus emblica* Linn.) fruit extract promotes proliferation in dermal papilla cell of human hair follicle. *Res J Med Plant* 2011; 5:95-100.
- [20] Ishida H, Inaoka Y, Okada M, et al. Studies of the active substances in herbs used for hair treatment III Isolation of hair-regrowth substances from *Polygala senega* var. *latifolia* TORR et GRAY. *Biol Pharma Bull* 1999; 22:1249-50.
- [21] Banerjee PS, Sharma M, Nema RK. Preparation, evaluation and hair growth stimulating activity of herbal hair oil. *J Chem Pharma Res* 2009; 1:261-67.
- [22] Sabarwal N, Varghese D, Barik R, Khandelwal A, Jain A, Jain S. Development and evaluation of polyherbal formulations for hair growth activity. *PharmacogNet* 2009; 1:165-70.
- [23] Shah CS, Qudry JS. *A Text book of Pharmacognosy*. 11th Ed, B.S. Shah Prakashan, Ahmadabad 1996: 119.
- [24] Prajapati, Purohit and Sharma, "A Handbook of Medicinal Plants- A Complete Source Book", Published by Agrobios (India) 2003: 52.
- [25] Semalty M, Semalty A, Joshi GP, Rawat MSM. *In vivo* Hair Growth Activity of Herbal Formulations. *Int J Pharmacol* 2010; 6:53-7.
- [26] Adhirajan N, Kumar TR, Shanmugasundaram N, Mary B. *In vivo* and *in vitro* evaluation of hair growth potential of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* Linn. *J Ethnopharmacol* 2003; 88:235-9.

- [27] Thorat RM, Jadhav VM, Kadam VJ. Development and evaluation of polyherbal formulations for hair growth-promoting activity. *Int J Pharma Tech Res* 2009; 1:1251-54.
- [28] Inaoka Y, Shakuya A, Fukazawa H, *et al*. Effects of herb extract on hair growth and isolation of an active substance from *Polyporus umbellatus* F. *Chem Pharma Bull (Tokyo)* 1994; 42:530-33.
- [29] Ishida H, Inaoka Y, Shibatani J, *et al*. Studies of the active substances in herbs used for hair treatment. II. Isolation of hair regrowth substances, acetosyringone and polyporsterone A and B, from *Polyporus umbellatus* Fries. *Biol Pharma Bull* 1999; 22:1189-92.
- [30] Sun A, Chia JS, Chiang CP, *et al*. The Chinese herbal medicine Tien-Hsien liquid inhibits cell growth and induces apoptosis in a wide variety of human cancer cells. *J Alt CompMed* 2005; 11:245-56.
- [31] Hay IC, Jamieson M, Ormerod AD. Randomized trial of aromatherapy. Successful treatment for alopecia areata. *Arch Dermatol* 1998; 134:1349-52.
- [32] Hashimoto K, Katsuhara T, Itoh H, *et al*. Monoterpenes from *Asiasari Radix* from *Asiasarum* sp. *Phytochem* 1990; 29:3571-74.
- [33] Rho SR, Park JS, Hwang SL, *et al*. The hair growth promoting effect of *Asiasari radix* extract and its molecular regulation. *J Dermatol Sci* 2005; 38:89-97.
- [34] Shimizu K, Kondo R, Sakai K, *et al*. Steroid 5 $\alpha$ -reductase inhibitory activity and hair regrowth effects of an extract from *Boehmeria nipoonivea*. *Biosci BiotechBiochem* 2000; 64:8775-77.
- [35] Randall VA, Ebling FJG. Seasonal changes in human hair growth. *Brit J Dermatol* 1991; 124:146-51.
- [36] Husain A, Virman OP, Popli SP, *et al*. Dictionary of medicinal plants. Lucknow, Central Institute of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants Publication 1992: 89.
- [37] Kirtikar KR, Basu BD. Indian Medicinal Plants. Periodical Experts Book Agency, Delhi, India; 1989.
- [38] Nandeesh R, Kumar BSA, Lakshman K, Khan S, Swamy VBN, Bharathi T, Ganapathy S. Evaluation of Hair Growth Activity of *Buxus wallichiana* Baill Extract in Rats. *Iran J Basic Med Sci* 2009; 11:236-41.
- [39] Watanabe C, Naito Y. Hair tonics containing hormones and Ginkgo extracts. Patent no. JP 03161426, 115: 214519, 1991.
- [40] Szaloki-Bakos E, Kristof-Szvitil I, Pal P, *et al*. Hair preparations containing Ginkgo biloba and *Liquiritia officinarum* extracts for treatment of hair loss. Patent no. BE 1009298. *Chem Abs* 1997: 127.
- [41] Mukerji BK. Indian Pharmaceutical Codex. Mumbai, India, Council for Scientific and Industrial Research 1953: 78-9.
- [42] Lavie D, Willner D, Merenlender Z. Constituents of *Citrullus colocynthis* (L.) Schrad. *Phytochem* 1964; 3:51-6.
- [43] Roy RK, Thakur M, Dixit VK. Effect of *Citrullus colocynthis* on hair growth in albino rats. *Pharma Biol* 2007; 45:739-44.
- [44] Dhanotiya R, Chauhan NS, Saraf DK, Dixit VK. Effect of *Citrullus colocynthis* Schrad fruits on testosterone-induced alopecia. *Nat Prod Res* 2009; 1- 12.
- [45] Sharma AK, Agarwal V, Kumar R, Kaushik K, Bhardwaj P, H. Chaurasia H. Development and evaluation of herbal formulation for hair growth. *Int J Curr Trends Sci Tech* 2010; 1:147-51.
- [46] Jain R, Jain NK, Singh N, *et al*. Development and evaluation of Polyherbal ointment for hair growth activity. *Int J Pharm Pharma Sci* 2011; 3:180-2.
- [47] Datta K, Singh AT, Mukherjee A, *et al*. *Eclipta alba* extract with potential for hair growth promoting activity. *J Ethnopharmacol* 2009; 124:450-6.
- [48] Roy RK, Thakur M, Dixit VK. Hair growth promoting activity of *Eclipta alba* in male albino rats. *Arch Dermatol Res* 2008; 357-64.
- [49] Matsuda H, Yamazaki M, Asanuma Y, *et al*. Promotion of hair growth by *Ginseng radix* on cultured mouse vibrissal hair follicles. *Phytother Res* 2003; 17:797-800.
- [50] Liu WK, Xu SX, Che CT. Anti-proliferative effect of ginseng saponins on human prostate cancer cell line. *Life Sci* 2000; 67:1297-306.
- [51] N Prager N, K Bickett K, N French N and G. Marcovici G. A randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled trial to determine the effectiveness of botanically derived inhibitors of 5 $\alpha$ -reductase in the treatment of androgenetic alopecia. *J Alter Comp Med* 2002; 8:143-52.
- [52] Murata K, Takeshita F, Samukawa K, *et al*. Effects of *Ginseng* rhizome and ginsenoside Ro on testosterone 5 $\alpha$ -reductase and hair re-growth in testosterone-treated mice. *Phytother Res* 2011. DOI: 10.1002/ptr.3511.
- [53] Roh SS, Kim CD, Lee MH, *et al*. The hair growth promoting effect of *Sophora flavescens* extract and its molecular regulation. *J Dermatol Sci* 2002; 30:43-9.
- [54] Matsuda H, Yamazaki M, Naruto S, *et al*. Antiandrogenic and hair growth promoting activities of *Lygodii Spora* (spore of *Lygodium japonicum*) I. Active constituents inhibiting testosterone 5 $\alpha$ -reductase. *Biol Pharma Bull* 2002; 25:622-6.
- [55] Ali M, Singh V. "Phytoconstituents and hair stimulant formulation from *Nordostachys jatamansi*", 5th Int cong on Trad Asian Med, Halle (Saale) 2002:18-24.
- [56] Gottumukkala VR, Annamalai T, T Mukhopadhyay T. Phytochemical investigation and hair growth studies on the rhizomes of *Nardostachys jatamansi* DC. *Pharmacog Mag* 2011; 26:146-50.
- [57] Saraf S, Pathak AK, Dixit VK. Hair growth promoting activity of *Tridax procumbens*. *Fitoter* 1991; 62: 495-8.
- [58] Pandit S, Chauhan NS, Dixit VK. Effect of *Cuscuta reflexa* Roxb on androgen-induced alopecia. *J Cosm Dermatol* 2008; 7:199-204.
- [59] Sharquie KE, Al-Obaidi HK. Onion juice (*Allium cepa* L.), a new topical treatment for alopecia areata. *J Dermatol* 2002; 29:343-6.
- [60] Coglio G, Bosio A. Alopecia and its treatment- the reality of new chances of success in clinical study of Nu Hair. *Dermatol supplement* 2002.
- [61] Liao S, Hiipakka RA. Selective inhibition of steroid 5 $\alpha$ -reductase isozymes by tea epicatechin-3-gallate and epigallocatechin-3-gallate. *Biochem Biophys Res Comm* 1995; 214:833-8.
- [62] Parka HJ, Zhanga N, Parka DK. Topical application of *Polygonum multiflorum* extract induces hair growth of resting hair follicles through up regulating Shh and beta catenin expression in C57BL/6 mice. *J Ethnopharmacol* 2011; 135:369-75.
- [63] Harada N, Okajima K, Arai M, *et al*. Administration of capsaicin and isoflavone promotes hair growth by increasing insulin-like growth factor-I production in mice and in humans with alopecia. *Growth Horm IGF Res* 2007; 17:408-15.
- [64] Paus R, Heinzelmann T, Schultz KD, *et al*. Hair growth induction by substance P. *Lab Invest* 1994; 71:134-40.
- [65] Harnischfeger G, Stolze H. *Bewährte Pflanzendrogen in Wissenschaft und Medizin*. Notamed Verlag, Bad Homburg/Melsungen 1993: 250-9.
- [66] Park WS, Lee CH, Lee BG, *et al*. The extract of *Thuja occidentalis* semen inhibited 5 $\alpha$ -reductase and androgenetic alopecia of B6CBAF1/j hybrid mouse. *J Dermatol Sci* 2003; 31:91-8.
- [67] Takahashi T, Kamiya T, Hasegawa A, *et al*. Procyanidin oligomers selectively and intensively promote proliferation of mouse hair epithelial cells *in vitro* and activate hair follicle growth *in vivo*. *J Invest Dermatol* 1999; 112:310-6.
- [68] Kamimura A, Takahashi T. Procyanidin B-2, extracted from apples, promotes hair growth: a laboratory study. *Brit J Dermatol* 2002; 146:41-1.
- [69] Takahashi T, Kamimura A, Kagoura M, *et al*. Investigation of the topical application of procyanidin oligomers from apples to identify their potential use as a hair-growing agent. *J Cosm Dermatol* 2005; 4:245-9.
- [70] Takahashi T, Kamimura A, Shirai A, *et al*. Several selective protein kinase C inhibitors including procyanidins promote hair growth. *Skin Pharmacol Appl Skin Physiol* 2000; 13:133-42.
- [71] Kamimura A, Takahashi T. Procyanidin B-3, isolated from barley and identified as a hair-growth stimulant, has the potential to counteract inhibitory regulation by TGF-beta1. *Exper Dermatol* 2002; 11:532-41.
- [72] Hsu S. Green tea and the skin. *J Amer Acad Dermatol* 2005; 52:1049-59.
- [73] Wang YC, Bachrach U. The specific anti-cancer activity of green tea epigallocatechin-3-gallate (EGCG). *Amino Acids* 2002; 22:131-43.
- [74] Esfandiari A, Kelley AP. The effects of tea polyphenolic compounds on hair loss among rodents. *J Nat Med Ass* 2005; 97:816-18.
- [75] Kwon OS, Han JH, Yoo HG, *et al*. Human hair growth enhancement *in vitro* by green tea epigallocatechin-3-gallate (EGCG). *Phytomed* 2007; 14:551-55.